Distinguishing regular graphs

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Call an edge colouring of a graph G distinguishing if the only automorphism of G that preserves the colouring is the identity. The distinguishing index of graph G is the least number of colours in a distinguishing edge colouring of G, and it is denoted by D'(G). Lehner, Pilśniak and Stawiski proved that the distinguishing index of every locally finite (infinite or finite) connected regular graph except K_2 satisfies $D'(G) \leq 3$. Grech and Kisielewicz extended this result to locally finite connected graphs for which the minimum degree is at least half the maximum degree. Lehner, Pilśniak and Stawiski conjectured that $D'(G) \leq 2$ for every locally finite connected regular graph on at least seven vertices. We prove this conjecture.

Pilśniak proved that the distinguishing index of finite traceable graph of order at least 7 is at most 2. It follows from our result that vertex-transitive graphs satisfy the same bound. Therefore, this may be seen as a support for the well-known Lovász Conjecture stating that every finite connected vertex transitive graph is traceable.

References

- [1] M. Grech, A. Kisielewicz, A class of graphs with distinguishing index $D' \leq 3$, arXiv:2107.09449, 2021.
- [2] F. Lehner, M. Pilśniak, M. Stawiski, A bound for the distinguishing index of regular graphs, *European J. Combin.* 89 2020, 103145.